

(POPs)

Polychlorinated biphenyls "PCBs"

(Dioxin)

Pronczuk - WHO)
.(Nickerson -
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WHO)

POPs

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.(Tanabe)
() WHO

- Tatsuya)
William - Annallsa
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Persistent Organic Pollutants

(POPs)

(PCBs)

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 (PCBs)
 Przyoembel) Hypotonia Tatsuya
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 () Gwynne
 Body Burden
 Eriksson)
 .(Munoz ;
 International Lactation Consultant (PCBs)
 () Association Furans Dioxin
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 () Patandin
 (PCBs) .(Koopman)
 Guillette
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(POPs)

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() Weisglas

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(Kuroda Kishikawa)

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- (William)

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- " Trans-generational Transfer"

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 . - - **Breast Milk Contaminants**
 Primiparae -
 . (PCBs) POPs
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 - **Health Status**
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 BMI) **Growth**
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Development
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NCHS percentiles statistics

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.(Shumei Cameron)

NCHS percentiles statistics

± (Williams)

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NCHS

(Williams) Precetiles .

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pediatric digital scale

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Cameron)

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(POPs)

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Gunderson () A.O.A.C.

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A.O.A.C.

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scores

p,p'- DDD)
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 o,p - DDE
 (-)
 α- HCH
 P,P'- DDE
 β- HCH
 DDTs
 DDE DDD DDT
 ± ,
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 (-)
 o,p- DDT
 p,p'- DDT
 o,p- DDD
 (Jensen)

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			α-HCH
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			γ-HCH
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			DDTsΣ

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Sherif Abd-

() AlRahman

PCB 118 (DDT)

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Σ PCBs

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DDTs

(PCBs)

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PCB 118

(PCBs)

(PCBs: 28,52,101,118,153,180)

(/) PCBs :

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			PCB 52
			PCB 101
			PCB 118
	**		PCB 153
			PCB 180
			Σ PCBs

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 Magda
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جدول ٧: الأوضاع المنينية لأطوال الأطفال المبحوثين تبعاً لمنطقة الدراسة

قيمة كاي ^٢	العينة الحضرية ن = ٥٣		العينة الريفية ن = ٥٥		الوضع المنيني	العمر
	%	العدد	%	العدد		
٠,٩٥٣	١,٩	١	٣,٦	٢	١٠>	١٢ سنة
	١,٩	١	٣,٦	٢	٢٥>	
	٣٤,٠	١٨	٣٠,٩	١٧	٥٠>	
	٣٧,٧	٢٠	٣٨,٢	٢١	٧٥>	
	٢٤,٥	١٣	٢٣,٧	١٣	٩٠>	
٠,٦٥٧	ن = ٤٧		ن = ٤٥		الوضع المنيني	١٢ سنة
	%	العدد	%	العدد	١٠>	
	٤,٣	٢	٨,٩	٤	٢٥>	
	١٤,٩	٧	١١,١	٥	٥٠>	
	٣٦,٢	١٧	٣٧,٨	١٧	٧٥>	
٢٧,٦	١٣	٣٣,٣	١٥	٩٠>		
	١٧,٠	٨	٨,٩	٤		

Magda Abd-Elaal

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ΣDDTs ΣHCHs

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John Crump

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(PCBs)

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(Weisglas)

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PCB 153

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(DDTs) (PCBs)

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() Gwynne

Σ DDTs Σ HCHs

(PCBs)

الملوثات	PCB 28	PCB 52	PCB 101	PCB 118	PCB 153	PCB 180	ΣPCBs
الحالة الصحية	0,186 -	0,186 -	0,004 -	0,047 -	0,369 -	0,074 -	0,163 -
مستوى الحالة الصحية للطفل	0,186 -	0,186 -	0,004 -	0,047 -	0,369 -	0,074 -	0,163 -

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** فروق جوهرية عند مستوى معنوية 0,01

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PCB 101

o,p- DDE

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α- HCH

PCB 52 PCB 28

o,p- DDE

() Sagiv () Jing

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PCBs

PCBs

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DDTs Dieldrin

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(PCBs)

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Σ PCBs

جدول ١٣ : العلاقة الارتباطية بين تركيز متبقيات المبيدات الكلورينية والمقايس الجسمية للأطفال المبحوثين.

المقايس الجسمية	المبيدات															
	٢,٢,٤,٤,٤	٢,٢,٤,٤,٤	٢,٢,٤,٤,٤	٢,٢,٤,٤,٤	٢,٢,٤,٤,٤	HCH- α	β -HCH	γ -HCH	Σ HCHs	DDT o.p.	DDT p.p.	DD o.p.	DD p.p.	o.p-DDE	DDE p.p.	Σ DDTs
الوزن	٠,١٩٣-	٠,٠٨١	٠,١٣٦-	٠,٠٣٤-	٠,١٢٥	٠,١٢٥	٠,١٠٦-	٠,٢٤٧-	٠,٢٤٦-	٠,٠٣٥-	٠,٠١٠	٠,١٥٧-	٠,٠٧٥-	٠,٢٠٩	٠,٠٢٧-	٠,٠٣٧٤-
الطول	٠,١٠١-	٠,٢٠٢	٠,١٦٧-	٠,٠٤٢-	٠,٠٢٥	٠,١٠٧-	٠,٢٧٠-	٠,٢٧٠-	٠,٠٦٨-	٠,٠٦٣	٠,١٥٥	٠,١٠١	٠,٠٣٦-	٠,٠٣٢١	٠,٠١٤	٠,٠٣٣
محيط الرأس	٠,١٧٦-	٠,٠١٣	٠,٠٦٩-	٠,٠٤٥-	٠,٠٢٧	٠,٠٤٩-	٠,٠٥٢-	٠,٠٥٢-	٠,٠٩٥	٠,٠٥٣	٠,٠٤٦	٠,٠٥٢	٠,٠٤٦-	٠,٠٥٤٦	٠,٠١٣	٠,١٨١

** فروق جوهرية عند مستوى معنوية ٠,٠١

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o, p- DDE

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p,p'-DDT

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o,p- DDE

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(PCBs)

للأطفال المبحوثين

المقاييس الجسمية	الملوثات						
	ΣPCBs	PCB 180	PCB 153	PCB 118	PCB 101	PCB 52	PCB 28
الوزن	**0,321	0,019	0,173	0,169	0,094	0,101	0,101
الوضع المثني للوزن	0,000	0,089	0,007	0,130	0,169	0,099	0,099
الطول	0,050	0,050	0,088	0,189	0,217	0,170	0,170
الوضع المثني للطول	0,066	0,047	0,286	0,200	**0,400	0,066	0,066
محيط الرأس	0,041	0,010	0,068	0,010	0,117	0,121	0,121
الوضع المثني لمحيط الرأس	0,079	0,104	0,176	0,042	0,062	*0,294	*0,294

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المقاييس الجسمية	الملوثات	
	الكاديوم	الرصاص
الوزن	0,060	0,179
الوضع المثني للوزن	0,057	0,187
الطول	0,164	0,306
الوضع المثني للطول	0,213	0,164
محيط الرأس	0,013	0,207
الوضع المثني لمحيط الرأس	0,098	0,067

جدول ١٦ : العلاقة الارتباطية بين تركيز متبقيات المبيدات الكلورونية وتطور الأطفال المبحوثين عند عمر ٦ أشهر

مستوى التطور	المستويات										
	١	٢	٣	٤	٥	٦	٧	٨	٩	١٠	١١
تطور الأطفال	٠,١٧٦	٠,١٧٦	٠,٢٣٢	٠,٢٦٦	٠,٢٥٩	٠,٣٦٢	٠,٣٧٢	٠,٣٧٢	٠,٣٧٢	٠,٣٧٢	٠,٣٧٢
تطور المصنات الكبيرة	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩
تطور المصنات التفصيلية	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩
التطور الاجتماعي الانفعالي	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩
التطور العقلي اللغوي	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩	٠,٣٦٩
فروق جوهرية عند مستوى معنوية ٠,٠٥	* * * * *										
فروق جوهرية عند مستوى معنوية ٠,٠١	* * * * *										

جدول ١٩ : العلاقة الارتباطية بين مستويات متبقيات المبيدات العضوية الكلورونية وتطور الأطفال المبحوثين عند عمر ٢١ شهر

الملوئات	تطور الأطفال									
	تطوراً لعضلات الكبار	تطوراً لعضلات القسطنطينية	التطور الاجتماعي الاقتمالي	التطور العقلي العمومي	فرق جوهري عند مستوى معنوية ٠,٠٥	فرق جوهري عند مستوى معنوية ٠,٠١				
ZDDTs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
p, p' - DDE	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
o,p - DDE	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
p, p' - DDD	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
o, p - DDD	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
p, p' - DDT	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
o, p - DDT	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣHCHs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
γ-HCH	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
β-HCH	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
α-HCH	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣPCBs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣPCBs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣPCBs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣPCBs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦
ΣPCBs	٠,٤٦٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦	٠,٤٥٦

() Eskenazi

o,p- DDE p,p'- DDT

Σ DDTs

o,p- DDD

(PCBs)

: DDTs p,p'- DDE o,p- DDT

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PCB 153

p,p'- DDD

PCB

180

o,p - DDE

DDTs

PCB 101

ΣPCBs PCB 153

Ribas

()

o,p-DDE

(PCBs)

ΣPCBs	PCB180	PCB 153	PCB 118	PCB 101	PCB 52	PCB 28	الملوثات
٠,٢٩٠	٠,٤٣٤	**٠,٦٨٦-	٠,٠٢٣-	٠,٢٧٧	٠,١٠١-	٠,١٠١-	تطور العضلات الكبيرة
٠,٢٧١	*٠,٤٥٦-	٠,١٧٦-	٠,٠٣٦	٠,١٢٨	٠,٢٤٤	٠,٢٤٤	تطور العضلات التفصيلية
**٠,٥٣١-	٠,٤٢٦	**٠,٤٨٧-	٠,٠٨٨	**٠,٥١٨	٠,٠٢٧	٠,٠٢٧	التطور الاجتماعي الانفعالي
٠,٠١٩	٠,١٤١	**٠,٥٢٣-	٠,٢٥٠-	٠,٣٥٦	٠,١٨٥-	٠,١٨٥-	التطور العقلي اللغوي

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(DDTs) (PCBs) PCB153

Ribas) (Grandjean) . , - r ,

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PCBs

(PCBs)

koopman)

(

(Patandin) Nickerson)

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(POPs)

(Jacobson Jacobson)

(PCBs) (POPs)

(Hany)

.(Rice Crofton) (Michels)

- (POPs)

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() Kreuzer) (POPs)

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الرصاص	الكاديوم	العناصر الثقيلة
**٠,٦٣٩-	٠,٠٧٠-	تطور الأطفال
٠,٢٨٣-	٠,٣٢٢	تطور العضلات الكبيرة
٠,٤٣٤-	٠,١٢٢-	تطور العضلات التفصيلية
		التطور الاجتماعي الانفعالي

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() Fraser () Despres

Schnaas

() Tellez-Rojo ()

:() () ATSDR

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POPs

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Effects of Some Breast Milk Contaminants on Health Status, Growth and Development of Infants

Laila Mohamed Ibrahim¹, Faten Moustafa Kamal², Moustafa Mohamed Saleh³,
Amel Elsayed Abed- Elsalam²

¹Department of Home Economic, Faculty of Agriculture, Alex. Univ.

²Department of Home Economic, Faculty of Specific Education, Alex. Univ.

³Department of Environmental Chemistry & Pesticides, Institute of Graduate Studies and Research, Alex. Univ.

ABSTRACT

This study was conducted to study the effect of some breast milk contaminants on the health status, growth and development of infants. It included 200 lactating primipara women and her infants (100 from rural region of El beheera Governorate, and 100 from urban region of Alexandria Governorate). Also subsample have been chosen (20 from rural, 20 from urban) to assess the residue levels of some Persistent organic pollutants (POPs) and some Heavy metals (cadmium and lead) in Human breast milk samples.

The most important results could be summarized as follows:

The overall main identified levels of cyclodiene compounds (aldrin, dieldrin and endrin), hexachlorocyclohexane isomers (α , β , γ - HCHs), (o, p' and p, p' – DDT (and its degradates; o, p'- and p, p'- DDD, and DDE)), PCBs and heavy metals; cadmium and lead were 26.44 ± 24.42 , 26.65 ± 20.6 , 263.55 ± 94.65 , 684.08 ± 450.26 , 125.2 ± 97.02 and $1.31 \pm \text{ng/g fat}$, of the sample rural, respectively, versus 5.48 ± 3.33 , 9.93 ± 7.46 , 89.54 ± 32.23 , 716.70 ± 425.15 , 59.19 ± 62.30 and $110.28 \pm 69.48 \text{ ng/g fat}$, for the urban sample, respectively.

The results of the correlation coefficients among some variables indicated that, there was a significant negative correlation ($P \leq 0.01$) between level of health status of the infants and the levels of aldrin, HCHs, DDTs, PCB153 and lead in breast milk sample, The same was also found for weight of children and concentrations detected of HCHs, DDTs and PCBs in breast milk, and between head circumference of child and levels of α - HCH and o, p'- DDT in breast milk.

The same trend was found between mental development of infant at 6 month and concentrations of o, p DDE and PCB118 ($P \leq 0.01$), as well as, between mental development of infants at 12 month and the levels of aldrien, o, p'- DDT, DDTs, PCB 153 and lead ($P \leq 0.01$ or $P \leq 0.01$).